

BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE, EDITOR.

VOLUME XIII. NO. 80.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1837.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE.

MANHATTAN HOUSE.

NO. 68 DUANE-STREET, NEW YORK.
JAMES RYAN, from the Howard House, Boston, recently informs the public, that he has taken the large building in Duane street, 8 doors from Broadway, known as Rutgers College, for the purpose of a HOTEL and RESTAURANT. The interior of the building has been entirely taken out, and refitted expressly to suit the business of the present occupant.

Mr Ryan will keep the Manhattan House for the accommodation of Clerks. The best wines and Liquors will be furnished from cellar, having been carefully selected from the best stocks in Boston. Large portions of them being of the celebrated stocks long in the cellar of Mr Gallagher, late of the Exchange Coffee House. Rooms will be furnished for References and Court Martial. Transient and permanent boarders will be accommodated in the best style known in the country; and elegant apartments will be let, with or without board.

The Table d'Hôte will be supplied with every delicacy of the various seasons. Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, of every description, will be served at short notice, and various Soups will be ready every day from eleven to three. Mr Ryan is confident that in this department, his own experience, added to the skill of the persons employed as cooks, will enable him to please the most fastidious epicures, both in respect to quality and style.

The man who has known the character of Mr Ryan's House in Boston, is assured, will find his accommodations better, his meals more ample, and his diligenter quite as untiring; and from such strangers to this city, as love excellence in the various departments of his profession, he would give the favor of an early call, with the full hope of giving satisfaction.

Mr. House was opened on the 15th June, 1837. epif 1617

MARLBOROUGH HOTEL.

The subscriber would respectfully give notice that he has taken the MARLBOROUGH HOTEL, and is now ready to see his friends. The house has been thoroughly repaired, enlarged, and neatly painted and papered. The front entrance and stairs are new, and the accommodations in every room are believed to be equal to any other Hotel in the city. No pains will be spared to furnish the table with every variety the market offers. Efforts will be made to furnish the table with the products of free labor, and provision will also be made for those who prefer vegetable diet. Religious worship will be regularly maintained every day, and as far as possible to prevent, no company be received or bills will be settled on the Sabbath. No smoking allowed. The Hotel will be kept entirely on the Temperance principle; and while not a particle of intoxicating liquor will be sold or used, it will be a quiet home for gentlemen travelling with their families, as well as for others. There are several suits of rooms for the accommodation of small families & permanent boarders. Application for permanent board will be received at the Hotel every day.

N. ROGERS.

je23

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

No. 4 Washington street, Nantucket, Mass. A. BULLARD, has taken the above establishment, with the intention of keeping a first rate house of entertainment, for the accommodation of strangers and others, who visit the island. From the experience he had in this line of business he flatters himself that he can give entire satisfaction to those who may honor him with their patronage—a portion of which he respectively solicits. He will accommodate steady boarders, on the most reasonable terms.

3m 29

WORCESTER HOUSE.

Situated on Main street, directly opposite to the Boston and Worcester Railroad.

The establishment contains a great number of public and private parlors, and a reading room—is furnished throughout in elegant style, and provided with every accommodation for travellers, families and parties.

Meals will be furnished for passengers arriving or departing by the Cars or Stages.

All stages which leave Worcester, call at the House for passengers.

The prices have been greatly reduced, and are now put at the most moderate rate.

N. B.—Stationing and keeping for horses will be furnished.

LYSANDER C. CLARK.

Worcester, June 7, 1837. 11 49

FARM FOR SALE.

In Billerica on the road from the meeting house to Lexington, containing one hundred and seventy acres, (well fenced with stone walls,) upon which are from three to five hundred fruit trees of various descriptions—and is divided into tillage, snowing, pasture and wood lands. There is a good Dwelling House Barn, Cider Mill and House, Sheds, &c. Distance from Boston 16 miles—from L. well 7 miles. Terms to apply to LEVI BA: ON, 5 Fulton street, SUMNER CROSBY, 5 Exchange street, or to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM MANN.

j57

WAREHOUSE TO LET.

No 19 and 20 Granite Stores, Commercial wharf, recently occupied by the subscribers. Apply to JOHN BROWN & CO No 11 Lewis' wharf. 1f mb7

mb7

HOUSE FOR SALE IN CHARLESTOWN.

A good dwelling house, No 22 Bow st, with excellent accommodations, being three stories high, and containing about 12 rooms—would be sold at a sac price, with immediate possession, if applied for very soon. 1f mb23

TO LET.

The chambers over store No 12 Water street, suitable for the Dry Goods business. Apply at the Store. 1f mb19

STORE IN KILBY STREET.

To let, and possession given immediately, one of the best stores in Kilby street, for the Dry Goods business. The rent will be low, and the tenant can have an introduction to some good customers. Apply at 64 Kilby street. 1f mb22

aug17

WANTED—8 or 9 feet Pantaloons and Vest makers—the highest prices will be given and constant employment. None but superior workmen need apply.

J. G. WYMAN, 71 Washington st.

2

LUMBER AFLOAT—7000 feet 3 inch Deals—23,000 feet Spruce and Pine Boards—6000 feet Refuse—3000 ft Deal—for sale by LOMBARD & WHITMORE, 21 Commercial wharf.

1f mb20

NOTICE.—This is to forbid all persons from harboring or trusting my wife, Eliza Wilcox, on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her co-acting.

JOHN WILCOX.

September 2, 1837. 3m

MUSCAT, MADEIRIA, CLARET, AND CHAMPAIGNE WINE.

20 Quarts of Muscaville Madeira Wine. 20 do. do. 15 cans Claret. 130 Baskets Champagne. Entitled to deposite. For sale by JOHN TYLER, at No 9 Central wharf. 1f mb21

82

RICE.—JOHN TYLER has for sale at No 9 Central wharf, 125 casks Head Rice, of superior quality.

3y24 1ms

NOTICE TO WHEELWRIGHTS, MECHANICS, &c.—BRALEY'S PATENT ROTARY MACHINE for cutting Fellows to Wheels, may be seen at Mariner & Ferry's store, near Tremont street, Roxbury. The right for a number of States will be sold on reasonable terms. It applied for soon. This machine will cut by hand 9 sets of Fellows, in a finished state, per day, without the aid of saws. Please call and examine.

Roxbury, August 28, 1837. MT&T.

INDIA RUBBER OVER SHOES, in the rough.—Just received and for sale at reduced prices, by THOS. C. WALES, No 15, Central st. M. & T. 2m 1837. 1837

1837

NOTICE.—The subscribers having taken the Factory, Tools and Machinery of the Eagle India Rubber Company, in the Easterly part of Woburn, will continue the manufacture of all kinds of India Rubber Goods. Aware of the practice existing against goods of this description, caused by impure feet articles with which the market has been flooded for two years past, still they feel confident, with the assurance of many feet articles to all before in the market for beauty or durability, perfectly water proof, and warranted not to decompose in any climate. Purchasers are invited to call at ALEXANDER STEPHENS'S Show Store, 401 Washington street, and examine for themselves, where orders may be left, or sent to them at the Factory in Woburn.

HAYWARD & HUMPHREY.

2m 1837

WOBURN, AUGUST 19, 1837.

2m 1837

GENTLEMEN'S SILK NIGHT CAPS—a rich article—for sale by DARWIN CHAFFIN, No 10 Washington street.

1837

STAVES—30,000 W. O. Hhd Staves, for sale by F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf.

1837

HILTING—100 barrels common Whiting; 30 hds

ostf

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call public opinion by any expression of our own upon its merits, being confident that all the indulgence the author will require, will be an impartial judgment from the public, to enable him to realize all the fame and profit he may anticipate from his labor.

BOSTON MORNING POST.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1837.

Correspondence of the Boston Post.

Washington City, August 31st, 1837.

But few of the members of Congress are now in the city. They came in rapidly for a few days, and I had supposed that ere this every man would be at his post. Most of those who have made their appearance stayed a day or two, and then put off to Baltimore, Philadelphia, &c.

The fact is, no man wishes to be in Washington when Congress is not in session; and the honorable gentlemen who have arrived, after marking their seats, retired to partake of the society of the Northern cities.

There is a vacancy in the Senate. The office of *Sergeant-at-Arms*, is to be filled. Mr John Shackford, the late Sergeant, died a few weeks since at or near St. Louis, Missouri. He was a native of New Hampshire—was a man of a giant frame, possessed a good deal of nerve—was originally a sea captain—was a faithful officer, but had the misfortune to be endowed with the most repulsive and unpopular address. As the commander of a ship he had learned to command; as a Sergeant-at-Arms, he had not learned to lead or obey. With all the good qualities that could be claimed for him, he was unfortunately unacceptable as an officer.

There are now upwards of thirty applicants and suppliants for the office, and if report speaks truly—and I fancy she is a common liar—one of the honorable Senators is a candidate for the place. If, however, such is the fact, you need not be surprised. Such an act will find analogy to support it. In the year 18—Mr Walter Lowrie, who was at that time a Senator from Pennsylvania, resigned his seat, and was elected Secretary of the Senate. He held the place till the last session, notwithstanding he was destitute of all the requisites of a secretary, with the exception of a sound integrity, when Mr Alroy Dickens was elected. Mr Lowrie resigned and took the office of Secretary of the American Bible Society.

In the month of January or February last Doctor Naudain, of Delaware, a Senator, believing that he could be elected to the Chair that Mr Lowrie had vacated, resigned his Senatorial robes. He was not elected. By resigning he lost the substance and got the shadow. Indignant at the “ingratitude of republics,” the Doctor aroused and quit Delaware, and like a great many other *Patriots*, packed his “*waggon*,” and migrated to Illinois.

“True patriots we, for so it is understood

We left our country, for our country’s good.”

To do the worthy and patriotic doctor even and exact justice, it is necessary to say, that it was reported at the time of his resignation, that he was compelled to it by his political friends, who insisted that he should make room for Mr John A. Bayard.

For the Chaplain of the two Houses, more than fifty pious clergymen are in attendance. I do not suppose that the salary is of any object to them; no, they probably consider it an act of duty to offer their services to the country.

A silly story, calculated, if believed, to affect Mr Speaker Polk, is now in circulation. It is said that a number of gentlemen from the West, members of the House of Representatives, have notified that gentleman, that they cannot and will not support him for the office of Speaker, unless he will pledge himself not to appoint Mr Churchill C. Cambrelling, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, in the event of his accession to the Speaker’s chair. The story is improbable. If any such demand had been made of Mr Polk, it is by no means probable that it would get to the public; and it cannot be possible that any such terms would be offered by a friend of the administration. I give the report as one of the instances of political gossip, and I fancy you will regard it as an idle tale.

Yours very truly,

CONSIDER STANDISH.

Mr Blair appears to be determined to transfer our friend the Gloucester Democrat to Worcester; he has heretofore insisted upon calling it the Worcester Democrat, and in the Globe of the 29th ult. we find the Gloucester Democrat twice denominated the Worcester Democrat, in crediting and alluding to “an amusing article touching the recent whig victories.” There is a paper printed at Worcester, called the Worcester Republican, but the Gloucester Democrat, the journal to which the Globe is indebted for the “amusing article,” will not feel much complimented at being confounded with it.

The Nashua Gazette, in commenting upon the present condition of the finances of the country, says—

“The pet Banks, as originally selected, would have transacted the business of the government quite as well and with as much safety as the Bank of the United States—the enlargement of that system and a distribution of the public revenue to the States were both wise measures, and they have produced whig results. In pushing the paper system to the extreme, its strength has been tested, and found to be nothing indeed but paper, just what the democrats always contended it was. It remains now to bring it back to what it should be, the true representative of specie, or it will soon be worthless rags.”

The Gloucester Democrat has been transferred by Mr Woodbury, its late intelligent proprietor, to Messrs Rogers & Parsons. Mr Maxwell has also withdrawn from it. While under the editorial control of Mr Woodbury, and lately Mr Maxwell, it was very ably conducted, and although its present publishers will find it no easy task to maintain its former reputation, we feel the utmost confidence in their power to do it, and that it will prove in their hands the same fearless champion of democracy that it has been ever since its establishment.

The newspapers printed in Louisiana are beginning to discuss the propriety of calling a Convention to alter the Constitution of that State. One of the features in the present Constitution objected to, is the property qualification now required of public officers and voters. The Governor is required to own \$5000 worth of real estate, and the elector to be possessed of taxable property.

Fanaticism.—The corporation of Newark lately enacted an ordinance, making it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, for any person within the bounds of the city, to buy or sell a sixpenny bowl of oyster soup on Sunday!

Destruction of an Abolition Press.—The materials of the Observer, Abolition paper, at Alton, Missouri, were completely destroyed by a party of citizens, on the night of August 21st.

In the Cincinnati Museum there is a “fac simile” of the infernal regions, said, by the learned, to be a very perfect representation of that beautiful country, in all its natural magnificence.

Two new steamers have been built in New York to run between that city and Charleston, S. C.

Seven Theatres are open in New York! Hard times!

LOWELL POLICE COURT.

Conclusion of the Examination of Horatio C. Merriam, Counselor at Law, charged with obtaining \$225, from Garrett Welton, by falsely pretending that he was complained of, as being the father of a supposititious illegitimate child. This case, as presented in the following letter from our Reporter, is certainly one of the most singular within the judicial annals of New England :

“Lowell, Sept. 2, 1837.

To C. G. Greene, Esq., Editor of the B. M. Post :—

Dear Sir—The examination of witnesses in the case of the Commonwealth versus Horatio C. Merriam, the nature of which was stated in my letter of December 1st, was concluded this forenoon. The counsel on both sides went into a widely extended field of inquiry, and innumerable interrogatories were put to the various witnesses, with the hope, rather than the expectation, that answers might be elicited favorable, or adverse to one side or the other; but in preparing the Report for the Post, I shall endeavor to confine it to the material points, and such facts and statements as may be calculated to exhibit the peculiarities of the case, and the characters of the parties. The intense interest felt by the community of Lowell, as to the issue, before Judge Locke, has not in the least abated, and this morning it became necessary, on account of the immense crowd of spectators, to hold the adjourned hearing in the Supreme Court Room.

As the nature of the charge was very fully stated in the complaint, Mr Mann did not deem it necessary to offer any opening address, and the examination commenced by calling to the stand, as a witness, the complainant—

Horatio Welton.—The first conversation, that I had with Mr Merriam, in relation to this matter, was on the 1st of December in his office. I went there in consequence of receiving a letter from him. When I entered his office, he said “I suppose you have received a line from me.” I said “Yes.” Then said he, “I suppose you have come to set me free.” I told him I had called to see what the matter was, and when I gave him my name, Williams, was, he said she was not in the Commonwealth.

I then told him that she was not in the Commonwealth, and he said “I have a daughter from Mr Merriam between the 3d and the 14th of December.” The contents of the letter were as follows:

“Mrs Deborah Williams—Dorothy’s mother—we used to live in the building that Mr Merriam’s office was in—moved to Nashua—about the first of December, Dorothy went to Lowell to take care of a sick woman—never suspected that she was likely to have a child, but knew that she was in the womb, and was not question about her. In latter part of my last, or the 1st of August, I had a conversation with Mr Merriam—asked him if my daughter had pretended to him, that she was about to have a child by Mr Welton, he told me my daughter wanted him to write a letter for breach of promise and seduction, but I did not know the meaning of the word then. He said my daughter told him “she had a good deal of fears about her.”

At this stage a contest arose between the counsel, whether the government were bound to produce Dorothy, who was

present, and, of course, the best witness as to the instructions

she gave to Mr Merriam.

On account of her intimate relation to Welton, Mr Mann was afraid to trust her, as if he introduced her, he would be bound by her testimony. The Judge, however, promptly and correctly decided, that the government were bound to produce her, if she were within reach of the Commonwealth’s process. Miss Dorothy was then called up and sworn, and there was a terrible stretching of necks to see the fair betrayed one, who had “had her fears.”

She was embarrassed in her manner, and displayed an air strictly within the line of elegant proportion, but in her countenance, there was “no more beauty than might well go dark to bed,” as Rosalind says. As will be perceived by her testimony, she was not at all disposed to mince matters, but spoke right out—

Dorothy Williams.—I am now twenty-one years of age—I know Mr Welton—I never swore a child upon him, nor ever told Mr Merriam that I had—about the last of October, or the first of December, I called on Mr Merriam to speak about Mr Welton—I was anxious to call him to speak about Mr Welton, for breach of promise and seduction. He asked me if I was married, and I said I was not; and had been advised by a great many, and wanted him to take up for me. He asked me to state my case, and I told him that Mr Welton had been going with me eight or nine months, and had promised to marry me a great many times. I requested him to write a letter to Welton—he did so, and read it to me, and it was exactly what I wished him to write—it was a complaint for a breach of promise and seduction—there was not a word about baseness in it. He asked me, if there were any serious consequences to me, on account of my having been with Mr Welton. I said I had suffered a great deal. He then asked me, if I expected further trouble, and I told him, that I did not know. I staid at my cousin’s, in Lowell, and was there about a fortnight.

Cross examined by both parties.—I told Mr Merriam about Welton’s coming into my room at night, at his house at Andover. I had fastened one door, but he came round by another, and I supposed his purpose would prove to be an offence against me. I considered myself engaged to Welton 6 or 7 months before July. He had many times said he would marry me. He told me when I was at Andover, that he would marry me as soon as Mr Young’s folks moved out of the house. Mr Young was his partner. I got my things to be married in—I told Mr Merriam of all this. My family and friends knew I kept company with Mr Welton. The seduction took place after he promised to marry me. He effected the seduction expressly by the promise of marriage. The first time I went to Andover, I staid only three hours. The next time I went by his request. He used to come to our house in Lowell. He had connexion with me partly in Lowell and partly in Andover. I don’t recollect that I followed him round. [When the witness gave her last answer, she took Welton in the face, and said with a bitter smile of him, “He is a scoundrel who would have drawn me into the depths of infamy in a theatre.”] Although he did not call me to speak of his conduct, I told him he was a scoundrel, and I meant to break off the engagement, till he sent his bars keeper down to get me to ride out. I then suspected that there was some trick on foot, and I told Mr Merriam so. I wrote to Mr Welton, by Mr Carter, the stage driver, but received no answer. While I was staying at my cousin’s, Mr Merriam gave me five dollars. He had given me \$125.00 in all. The last payment was on the 28th, and I took his note for \$100.00. He paid me \$10.00, on the note three days before I went into the country. I went away to avoid Mr Welton, who was fussing round, and Mr Wiley—I was afraid of them—they wanted me to say, that I did not tell Mr Merriam that I was like to have a child—so I told him I wanted to get away from the—this was when they were taking down something in writing from my mother. They got me in a room alone, and kept me there two or three hours, and would not let any of my folks in—they wanted me to say that Mr Merriam had gone contrary to my orders.

Miss Williams was the last witness introduced for the prosecution; and the defense was opened by Mr Hopkinson. The first witness he called was—

Charles E. Seavy.—Tender bar at the Exchange—lived at the Exchange in Boston. The woman seduced was in the letter; but I don’t recollect in what terms the idea of a *bastard* was conveyed. The idea was that she was by child by me. I don’t remember that the words *breach of promise* was in the letter, but I am certain that the claim was not for seduction and breach of promise. I had never courted her, and always denied that I was the father of the child. I denied it to Mr Merriam; and I only settled it because I had just got into a good business, and newly married, and I thought it best to get off as quietly as I could. I had known her several months, but had never engaged to marry her. I had talked to her the same as all young men talk to young women; but I did not mean to tell her to expect that I wished to marry her. I don’t remember talking any one that I had courted her. I think I might have talked about marriage with her. I don’t know her how she looks like the same size as I. But I did not ask her in a room to let her to hope of marriage. I never thought that I intended to marry her. I was connected with her about 6 or 7 months—the last fortnight of that time, she was at Andover—while I kept tavern there. I was particularly attentive to her, while there, any more than to any other woman; for I was all round the lot.

By *Seavy*.—Did you ever ask any one to assist you in getting rid of Dorothy Williams?

Welton.—I think I did say something about getting rid of her, as I didn’t want her at my house. I said so to C. E. Seavy, if to any body.

Seavy.—Why did you want to get rid of her? Didn’t you invite her to your house?

Welton.—She came without my knowledge, while I was not at home. After she came I set her making traps, and when she got through, I didn’t let her to stay any longer.

Seavy.—Did you swear upon your oath, that she did not go to Andover to help about those carpets at your request?

Welton.—After she first came, she went away one day, and I asked her to come back.

Seavy.—During this stay at Andover, didn’t you understand that she intended, or expected to marry you?

Welton.—It’s very difficult to know what a woman expects.

It is a very difficult thing to find out a woman’s meaning.

It was while she was at Andover that I talked about getting rid of her. I wanted Mr Seavy to help me, for fear she might come back again.

Seavy.—If you had not promised to marry her, and she did not expect marriage, what objection was there to her coming back, if she thought proper?

Welton.—I wanted to get rid of her, and not come back, because I thought if she did come back, she might expect me to spend my evenings with her. She had followed me round once or twice before, and I thought she might come again. I said something to Seavy, that he seemed to like her in Lowell. I thought if he called upon her, she would keep away from me. I don’t recollect exactly, but I asked him to ride out with her, but he was not willing. There was said about riding out, I was to find the horse at chaise, and he had it when he went to Lowell.

Seavy.—Will you swear, that you did not intimate that if he would ride out with her, he might have criminal connexion with her?

Welton.—I won’t swear.

Seavy.—Will you swear, that you never asked Seavy to ride out with her, and attempt to have such connexion, as a means by which you might “get rid of her?”

Welton.—I won’t swear, that I might not have said something of that sort.

Seavy.—Did you ever tell him, that you had frequently had criminal connexion with her?

Welton.—The question may be properly put to you, witness;

but you are not obliged to answer it. You can answer or not, just as you please; but if you do answer, your answer must be true, as far as you know.

Court.—The question may be properly put to you, witness;

but you are not obliged to answer it. You can answer or not, just as you please; but if you do answer, your answer must be true, as far as you know.

Seavy.—I don’t know what he said about getting rid of her.

Welton.—I don’t know what he said about getting rid of her.

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Seavy.—I don’t know what he said about getting rid of her.

Welton.—I don’t know what he said about getting rid of her.

Seavy.—I don’t know

Newburyport; Pearl, Colby, Salisbury; sloop Leader, Davis, Nantucket.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.

ARRIVED.

Brig Niger, Howland, Alcian, 23rd July—same day, 15 miles out, spoke ship George in New York for Marseilles. Passed Gibraltar 31st July. 10th August, lat 38, lon 34, spoke brig Ceres, of Portland, in Savannah for Marseilles; 13th, lat 43 19, lon 49 25, brig Camino, for Gibraltar; 28, lat 41 50, lon 64, ship Berwick, 30 days fm Surinam for Natchez; same day, saw a ship steering E, having a black cross in foretopsail and topgallant.

Brig Phoenix, Jordan, Havana, 13th ult.

Brig George, Merrill, Pictou, 9th ult. Spoke 25th, lat 43 54, lon 63, brig Favorite, 4 days hence for Sydney; 27th, lat 42, lon 64, sloop Enterprise, fm Beverly for Grand Bank.

Brig Thos Wyer, McRae, St Andrews.

Sch Ajax, Cousins, Philadelphia.

Sch Nile, Baxter, Philadelphia.

Sch Scio, Herrick, Philadelphia.

Sch Hatty Tom, Rogers, Philadelphia.

Sch Illinois, Weeks, Philadelphia.

Sch Pembroke Clark, Philadelphia.

Sch Oliver, Fuller, Albany.

Sch Hawkshaw, Crowell, New York.

Sch Morning Star, Seavey, St George.

Sch Spendul, Shackford, Eastport.

Sch Ocean, Lubey, Newburyport and Gloucester.

TELEGRAPHED, brig Oriole. Signals for a ship and 3 brigs. A ship and a bark went towards Salem this afternoon.

FOREIGN PORTS.

At Trieste, June 27, Baltimore, Snow, disg.

Sailed in Palermo, 11th July, Effort, Hussey, Boston.

At Gibraltar, 27th July, John Marshall, for Baltimore, soon; Caroline of Boston, u.c.; Globe, Baltimore, do.

At Marseilles, Aug 1, 20th, Eleazar, fm New Orleans, disg; Lewis, page, disg.

At Hamburg, 21st July, Grafton, Smith, for Bremen, 3; Oliver, 3d, Alex, Tinkham, do.

At Amsterdam, 16th, Dr. Grafton, Smith, for New York.

The Josephine, in Stockholm for Boston, was reg at Co. pagetown July.

Passthru, 24th, Svea, Fogelmark, hence for Göttingen.

American, 29th July—The Eugenie, fm New Bedford for Bre.

It is totally wrecked—part of cargo saved.

At Portsmouth, Aug 2, Simon, Sturges, fm New York.

Sailed in Cowes, Aug 2, Potomac, Baxter, Hamburg.

At Swan's, 3d, Tom Cingle, fm St Jago, Cuba.

Sailed in Gravesend, 2d, Caroline, Harding, (in London) for Philadelphia.

Arr at Havre, July 30, Jupiter, Charleston; Aug 2, Udo, Adams, Nofock.

SPOKEN.

July 15, no lat &c., was passed a round stern bark of Kenne book.

No date, lat 34 57, lon 49, ship Liberty, McDowell, 14 days fm Philadelphia for Canton.

No date, lat 39 33, lon 47, brig "Athlone," 12 days fm Boston for Montevideo—reported, but must be mistake.

Lad 42, lon 68 45, brig Rupee, Bangs, hence for N Orleans.

ARRIVALS, CLEARANCES, &c.

PORTLAND, Aug 30—Arr Rowland, Dicks, Liverpool.

Arr 1—Arr Portland, Strook, Boston. Old Charlotte, Thom

as, Matson, Boston.

BELFAST, Aug 25—Arr Atlanta, Boston; 29th, Margaret, do.

PORTSMOUTH, Aug 31—Arr Ann Mary Ann Clark, Liver-

pool; Bessey, Coombs, Pictou; Leonidas, Tobey, Baltimore, via Boston.

NEW BEDFORD, Sept 1—Arr Pomona, Pease, Boston.

EDGARTOWN, Aug 31—Arr Gold Hunter, Allen, Atlantic Ocean, 400 bbls oil sp.

STONINGTON, Sept 1—Arr Uxor, Pendleton, Falkland Islands.

NEWPORT, Sept 1—Arr Franklin Green, Wylie, Boston.

NEW HAVEN, Aug 31—Sailed Magnolia, Grannis, Trinidad.

ALBANY Sept 1—Arr Ellen, Lewis, Boston.

NEW YORK, Aug 21—Arr Cabot, Brown, Marcellis, 20th

John St, Lawrence, Huntington, Liverpool; Europe, Drummond do; Philo, Clrk, Grosvenor, Eustine' 27th July;

Grand Turk, Snow, Hamburg for New Orleans, put in to land passengers, Page, Hallett, do; James, do; Morgan, Gallinger, Picton; Vistage, Snow, Madeira; Hope Retrievers, Tarr, St Thomas.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 31—Old North America, Lancaster, Boston; Susan, Tidens, West Indies.

Arr in the Schuykill, Temperance, Lubec. Old Rosnoko, Lubec, Sam'l Hall, Boston; Clarissa, do.

Sept 1—Arr Poultney, and Delta, Gloucester. Old Henry Thompson, Watertown, Boston; Ann & Leah, Booth, Liguaya; Tyrolese, Verona, Trieste; Palm, Show, Boston; Susan, Turkey, St Thomas.

CHARLESTON, Aug 28—Arr Grand Turk, Nichols, Prosp, Me, in distress, with loss of sails, &c. & c; Atlantic Godfrey, Lubec, with loss of deck load.

2d—Arr Androscoggin, Decker, Bath. Old Galedonia, Confin, Liverpool.

MOBILE, Aug 26—Arr Algerine, Gorham, Havana via Pensacola.

TAMPA BAY, Aug 12—Below, off the Bar, 23d, Charleston, Edrige, 21 do Boston.

PENSACOLA, Aug 12—Arr Tom Paine, Thomaston.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug 21—Arr Kensington, Curtis, Mobile; Lancet, do; Old Everett, Fitch, Boston.

RAIL ROAD LINE—FOR NEW YORK.

The elegant and swift steamer, RHODE ISLAND, Captain Thayer 14 leaves Providence, TOMORROW at 5, at 4 o'clock, P.M.

Leave Boston at 7 1/2 A. M. 11 A. M. and 4 1/2 P. M.

The morning and evening trains will stop for way passengers at the usual places.

Fare one dollar.

Sept. 4, 1837.

TREMONT THEATRE.

2d Night of MISS ELLEN TREB.

THIS EVENING, Sept. 4,

Will be performed the play of

THE WIFE

Mr Cline
Murdoch
Mariana
Miss Treb

To conclude with the Farce of the

BARRACK ROOM:

Colonel Forster
Clarissa
Miss Treb

Curtain will rise at 7 1/2 o'clock.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7 1/2.

Prices—Boxes \$1. Third Tier 75cts. Pit 37cts. Gallery 25cts.

GRAND PERFORMANCES

At Union Hall, Corner of Milk and Congress streets.

MONS. AUGUSTI has the honor of informing the inhabitants of this city, that he will give a splendid performance at the above place, THIS EVENING. The entertainments will be divided into three parts.

Part First—Will consist of Wonderful Changes, Transformations, &c. &c.

Part Second—Will be composed of many inconceivable Transformations, with Philosophical and Mechanical Pieces.

Part Third—Will contain Brilliant Nocturnal Illusions of the Phantasmagoria.

The subjects are drawn from History, Mythology, &c.

For particulars see small bills.

Doors open at 7 o'clock—performances to commence at 7 1/2.

Admission 50cts—children under 10 years, half price.

Aug 25

NATIONAL THEATRE.

On MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 1,

Will be acted the farce of,

THE QUEER SUBJECT.

After which, the new Vandiville called

LEWIS OF FRANCE.

Or—The Rival Pages.

Mrs Smith
Mrs Thorne

Victoire
Julie

After which the drama called

THE BRONZE HORSE.

Or—The Spell of the Cloud King.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7 1/2.

Prices—Boxes 75cts—3d Tier 50cts—Pit 37cts. Gallery 25cts.

REMOVAL.—JAMES K. MILLS & CO., have removed

to No 80 Milk street, opposite Kilby street.

islm aug 15

GREENLEAF & FOSTER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NATCHEZ, MISS.

References:

Messrs. Jas. W. Paige & Co.,

Copeland & Lovering, Boston.

Waterson, Pray & Co., Boston.

Fairbanks, Loring & Co., Boston.

One of the firms will proceed to Natchez in the bark Bashaw, and take charge of any business entrusted to them.

epwts

S. G. SIMPKINS,
PUBLISHER, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

79 COURT, COR. OF BRATTLE ST., BOSTON,

Keeps constantly for sale a general assortment of SCHOOL

and JUVENILE BOOKS, STATIONERY and AC-

COUNT BOOKS.

Also, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Pocket Books, Wallets, Portfolios, Tooth Brushes, Rodgers' Penknives, &c. &c.

s2 24ws2m

CHARLES C. LITTLE & CO.

PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

(At the Store recently occupied by HILLARD, GRAY & CO.)

No 112 Washington street, Boston.

Charles C. Little,
James Brown, istff

ja 6

AMOS STEVENS,
No 5, South side of Faneuil Hall,

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

PATENT BALANCES, STOVES, FUNNELS,

&c. &c.

ap12

Constantly on hand.

isbw

LOTT H. POOLE,
(Late Foreman to John Earle, Jr.)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No 70 Washington street, corner of State street.

f15

STONE & POOR.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND MILITARY GOODS.

epis 21

CHARLES OAKLEY,
MOSES M. RAWLINGS, & THOMAS MATHER, Commissioners.

4

STATE LOAN OF ILLINOIS.—The Commissioners appointed by the State of Illinois, to borrow certain monies, to be applied to internal improvements, under an act passed the 27th February, 1837, will receive sealed proposals for a loan of \$1,000,000 at 6 per cent interest, irredeemable before the year 1860. Interest on the said loan will be paid half yearly at the Bank of the United States in Philadelphia, or at its Agency in New York. Said monies to be applied to the construction of roads, canals, &c. &c. to be selected by the commissioners, and left with M. Robinson, Esq., at the Agency of the Bank of the United States, in New York, on or before 2 o'clock, P. M. the 12th instant, when said bids will be opened in presence of the parties interested. The law authorizing said loans, for the Illinois Bank and Internal Improving Stock, passed 4th March last, can be seen on application to M. Robinson.

CHARLES OAKLEY,
MOSES M. RAWLINGS, & THOMAS MATHER, Commissioners.

Sept. 2, 1837.

BOSTON & LOWELL RAILROAD.
AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, Sept. 4th, the Passenger trains will run

(in connection with the Lowell trains) as follows:—

Leave Boston at 7 1/2 A. M. 11 A. M. and 4 1/2 P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE, IN BOSTON
FOR AUG. 31 1837.

For Boston, will please to mention that they are adver-
tised.

A Abbott Lewis D

Abrams Maria

Adams Frances A mrs

Adams Asbel

Adams Robt

Adams Geo Jr

Adams & C & Co

Ailey John B

Alexander Clancy

Amy Chas II

Ahem John

Alayne Geo J F

Akerman Ullissa

Alien Wm

Alien S H & Co

Alien John

Alien Joseph

Alien Hannah M

Alien Josina V

Ames Oakes

Andrews Ferdinand

Armen Mary

Atwood Isaac K

Arter James

Avery Solomon H

Amar Alexander

Anstis John

Atherton Mary

Appleton John

Ayers Nathl

B Baker John II

Baker Walter

Baker Wm Jr

Baldard James

Baldard Chas

Bacon Moses

Bacon Wm W

Barker John

Barker W H

Baldin in Jere

Baldwin Sarah A

Barnes Wm

Bartlett T Powers

Bartlett T Hosa

Bartlett Lewis L

Bartlett John H

Bartlett Amos G

Bartlett Julia Ann

Bangs F B

Bangs Zenas

Bangs Lewis

Bearce Richd

Bearce Isaac

Beard Nancy

Benson George

Betham Harriet

Betham Dan F

Bean Lucy S

Benjamin Sarah

Beridge Wm H

Brewer Jas

Bettom Furbert B

Biegelow Summer

Biegelow Silvanus

Biegelow Lurcrat

Bryant James

Bryant Timo Jr

Bryant Iles

Brighton Eliza W

Brighton Grang

Brighton Miss

Briant Michael

Bryer Sarah M

Bishop Sarah

Billing Mary G

Briggs Geo W

Boiley Benj Rev

Bridle Rufus W

Bissell Jones

Bissell Wm

Blood Alina

Brown Wm H

Brown Mary G

Brown John

Brown John A

Brown James S

Brown Solon F

Brown Lyman

Brown Jesus

Brown Sarah G

Brown Sarah S

Brown Sarah

Brown Jacob

Brown Lydia S

Brown Thomas E

Bromley Hannah F

Brown Bartholomew

Brown Sylvanus S

Brown Nardi

Brown Geo S

Brown Meribah

Banks Gee

Blaidsell James

Blaidsell John T

Blaidsell Moses

Blanchard Sarah A

Blanchard Alfred

Blanchard Damon

Blanchard Susan Mis

Blake Chas H

Blake Francis S

Blake Thos C

Blake Thos

Bates Joshua D Rev

Bachelder Mary S

Bachelder Sally

Bachelor T & E

Bachelor Mary

Bachelor Simon

Brickett Hecate

Brickett Reuben

Brickett Osgood

Brickett Rufus

Bragg Attn

Brackett Fanny

Bragdon Wm

Barry Richard

Barry Julia

Brayley Fanny

Bali Martha

Bradbury Joseph

Blackwell Waterman G

Biany F W

Barnard James

Babbitt Sally

Babbitt Elizabeth

Bailey Mary A

Barrows Ebene

Barnett J P

Brale Jonathan rev

Braley J P

Broadrick Johanna

Bowen Sally S

Bowen Caroline

Brooks Martha C

Bodwell Nathl

Boggs H T

Brooks L C

Bostwick John

Bowen Smith & Co

Bowen Wm

Bowen Wm